**Biodiversity Hotspots (2:00 mins)**

**https://ed.ted.com/on/5E0wHDSE**

1. Biodiversity hotspots cover just a tiny portion of the planet. They cover only \_\_\_\_\_\_\_% of all our land, but are home to more than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the plant and animal species on earth.
2. How many hotspots have been identified? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. If anyone is lost, we will lose \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of species forever
4. Biodiversity hotspots are in grave danger because they have under \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_% of original natural  vegetation remaining and in some cases only 1 to 5% of original habitat remaining.
5. Most of the hotspots are in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and most are rainforest.
6. They are disappearing due to destruction by humans including:  Unsustainable logging The burning of jungle areas to create \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and Uncontrolled development
7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a hotspot that is home to the remaining 50 species of lemurs.
8. Conservationists are working to see that all the biodiversity hotspots are protected to ensure that this planet’s rich and diverse natural wealth is carried safely into the next century.

9. Focusing on the threatened hotspots approach is a way of making this biodiversity crisis that much more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

10. Conservationist recommend that hotspots receive \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ international attention.